

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): نشتی: ۶۰ تشریحی: --

تعداد سؤالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: --

نام درس: کلیات زبان شناسی ۲

رشته تحصیلی / کُد درس: آموزش زبان انگلیسی (ناپیوسته) (۱۳۲۵۰۸۳) زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی (۱۳۱۲۱۱۷) مترجمی زبان انگلیسی (۱۳۱۲۰۶۱)

مجاز است.

استفاده از:

- Discourse analysis is concerned with the study of language in.....
a. text and conversation b. patterns and systems
c. sentence structure d. society
- Expressions like "sort of" and "kind of" are hedges on the
a. quantity maxim b. quality maxim
c. manner maxim d. relation maxim
- A conventional knowledge structure that exists in memory is called a(n)
a. implication b. schema c. script d. implicature
- The corpus callosum
a. connects the brain to spinal cord
b. connects the two hemispheres
c. connects Broca's area to the motor cortex
d. connects Broca's area to Wernicke's area
- "Posterior speech cortex" is another name for
a. arcuate fasciculus b. Wernicke's area
c. Broca's area d. callosum
- "Spoonerism" is another name for
a. tip of the tongue phenomenon b. slip of the tongue phenomenon
c. aphasia d. slip of the ear phenomenon
- is defined as an impairment of language function due to localized brain damage that leads to difficulty in understanding and/or producing linguistic forms.
a. Broca' aphasia b. Wernicke's aphasia
c. aphasia d. conduction aphasia
- Difficulty in finding the correct word is referred to as and happens in
a. agrammaticism / Wernicke's aphasia b. anomia / Broca's aphasia
c. agrammaticism / Broca's aphasia d. anomia / wernicke's aphasia

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استفاده از:

9. Dichotic listening test shows.....

- a. right ear advantage for linguistic sounds
- b. left ear advantage
- c. right ear advantage
- d. right ear advantage for nonlinguistic sounds

10. The crucial requirement for child's first language acquisition is

- a. to be intelligent
- b. to interact via language
- c. to be instructed by parents
- d. to be corrected by parents

11. Which one is **NOT** among the salient features of caregiver speech?

- a. extra loudness
- b. slower tempo
- c. frequent use of questions
- d. frequent use of compounds

12. The process by which the child uses the word "bow-wow", not just to refer to dogs, but also to refer to cats, cows and horses is called

- a. extension
- b. generalization
- c. overgeneralization
- d. overextension

13. In terms of hyponymy, the child will almost always use thein a hyponymous set.

- a. right term
- b. most specific term
- c. middle-level term
- d. most general term

14. Which method in language teaching is strongly influenced by the idea that language is essentially a set of habits?

- a. grammar-translation method
- b. communicative approach
- c. preferred response
- d. audio-lingual method

15. Using sounds, expressions or structures from L1 when performing in L2 is called

- a. interlanguage
- b. transfer
- c. positive transfer
- d. negative transfer

مجاز است.

استفاده از:

16. The general ability to use language accurately, appropriately and flexibly is referred to as
- a. task-based learning b. communicative competence
c. output strategy d. performance
17. When hand movements are used in order to "speak", we can describe them as part of a
- a. gesture b. sign language
c. deictics d. beats
18. Which one is **NOT** among the articulatory parameters of ASL?
- a. movement b. size c. orientation d. shape
19. Philology is the study of
- a. language varieties b. language structures
c. language history and change d. language universals
20. A of a word in one language is a word in another language that has a similar form and is or was used with a similar meaning.
- a. cognate b. reconstruction c. daughter d. partner
21. 'The Great Vowel Shift' is the
- a. general shortening of long vowel sounds
b. general raising of short vowel sounds
c. general lowering of long vowel sounds
d. general raising of long vowel sounds
22. Epenthesis involves
- a. The addition of a sound to the beginning of a word
b. The reversal in the position of two sounds in a word
c. The addition of a sound to the middle of a word
d. The omission of a sound from the end of a word
23. is a line which represents a boundary between the areas with regard to one particular linguistic item.
- a. dialect boundary b. idiolect
c. isogloss d. isoform

مجاز است.

استفاده از:

24. In there are two distinct varieties of a single language.

- a. bilingualism
- b. dialogue
- c. diglossia
- d. bidialectism

25. . A variety of a language that develops for some practical reason among groups of people who have a lot of contact but do not know each other's language is called

- a. lexifier
- b. diglossia
- c. creole
- d. pidgin

26. When the change in style of speaking is in the direction of a form that is more frequent in the speech of those perceived to have higher social status, we deal with

- a. accommodation
- b. prestige
- c. covert prestige
- d. overt prestige

27. A is a conventional way of using language that is appropriate in a specific context.

- a. slang
- b. register
- c. taboo
- d. colloquial

28. Generally speaking, which statement is true?

- a. Women use pitch movement less than men.
- b. Neither men nor women use pitch movement.
- c. Women use pitch movement as much as men do
- d. Women use pitch movement more than men.

29. The use of words like yeah, really?, or sounds like hmm, oh, by listeners while someone else is speaking is referred to as

- a. back-formation
- b. hedge
- c. back-channel
- d. tag

30. It is typically in aspects of that vernaculars are most stigmatized as being illogical or sloppy.

- a. sounds
- b. sound patterns
- c. grammar
- d. meaning