

تعداد سؤالات: ۴۰ تکمیلی - تشریحی -

نام درس: مبنای روانشناسی عمومی (۲)

رشته تحصیلی: گرایش: روانشناسی

کد درس: ۱۲۱۲۵۱

زمان امتحان: تئوری و تکمیلی ۸۰ دقیقه تشریحی — دقیقه

[استفاده از فرهنگ لغات مجاز نیست ☆ سوالات تئوری نمره منفی دارد]

تعداد کل صفحات: ۵

نیمسال دوم ۸۲-۸۳

Part I: Vocabulary

Directions: Select the best choice (a, b, c, or d) and mark it on your answer sheet.

- The psychologists are now involved in a long
a. admiration b. facility c. ego d. controversy
- Toma new formula for solving the problem.
a. devised b. discharged c. elaborated d. evoked
- The termrefers to the ability to judge, comprehend and reason.
a. dilemma b. fear c. intelligence d. existence
- Some people canthemselves easily to new environments.
a. distort b. adapt c. overlook d. lable
- The act or process of thinking, conceiving/reasoning, etc is termed
a. norm b. laypeople c. cognition d. mind
- Ais a person or thing that serves as a participant in an experiment.
a. link b. subject c. impose d. infer
- When yousomething, you estimate its quality.
a. assess b. launch c. impose d. infer
- A point in question or a matter for discussion is called an
a. emotion b. emphasis c. analogy d. issue
- The termrefers to an intervening process or an internal state of an organism that implies or drives it to action.
a. ability b. validity c. site d. motivation
- Freud believed that the contents of the conscious mind are a small part of
a. spoke b. personality c. symptom d. shame
- David made some interestingabout Tina's behavior last night.
a. sympathy b. talent c. comments d. phobia
- A good teacher hastowards his students.

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نیمسال دوم ۸۲-۸۳

13. A scientist who isin his approach is unreliable.
 a. linear b. subjective c. pathogenic d. gross
14. Alice has someas a responsible mother.
 a. interplays b. intervals c. concerns d. exposures
15. Bob and George are; they are exactly similar to each other.
 a. cognitive b. concrete c. ample d. identical
16. The termrefers to a vague, unpleasant emotional state with qualities of dread, distress and uneasiness.
 a. anxiety b. approval c. fashion d. distortion
17. If youyour theory the students will understand you.
 a. handle b. elaborate c. diminish d. enhance
18. ShynessSara from speaking.
 a. inhibits b. drifts c. feigns d. emerges
19. The deviation from normal or typical is known as
 a. postulate b. repertoire c. aberration d. psychosis
20. When we something, we take it as a fact or as true without proof.
 a. speculate b. throw c. stand d. assume
21. The memories of the pastMary.
 a. infers b. commits c. devises d. depresses
22. The wordrefers to a strong desire to dress in the clothes of the opposite sex.
 a. resilience b. prejudice c. transvestism d. martial
23. The research requires psychologists ofknowledge about behavior.
 a. neutral b. ample c. obscure d. hostile
24. Although Helen was sick, her behavior was
 a. innocuous b. implicit c. immense d. discrete

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نیمسال دوم ۸۲-۸۳

25. Stephen was asked toanger, joy and interest.
a. crunch b. simulate c. alert d. uncover
26. There are differentin a hospital.
a. sensations b. traits c. wards d. operants
27. The meeting room was in a state of
a. chaos b. lexicon c. pace d. haste
28. The information feedback about bodily function is termed
a. identity b. intent c. range d. biofeedback
29. Bob isto lose his temper whenever he talks to the doctor.
a. maladaptive b. open c. prone d. genuine
30. David is always relaxed while Alice is often
a. favorite b. tense c. deviant d. even

Part 2: Reading Comprehension

Directions: Read the passage and then select the best choice (a, b, c, or d) for each question following the passage.

Despite the fact that all sciences use them, theories are sometimes referred to in contemptuous or derogatory terms, as exemplified by the comment "Well, it's only a theory." Many people feel that a theory is vague, abstract, speculative-- really no more than a hunch of a guess, a quite opposite of a fact.

- 5 It is true that a theory without evidence to support it is speculation. It may be equally true, however, that a mass of research data is meaningless unless it is organized in some sort of explanatory framework or context. A theory provides this framework for simplifying and describing empirical data in a meaningful way. A theory can be considered a kind of map that represents the data in their relationships with one another. It attempts to bring data into some kind of order, to fit
- 10 them into an overall structure in which each datum is an integral part.

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Theories are hypotheses or propositions used to explain a particular class of phenomena (in our case, behaviors and experiences relating to personality). If theories about personality are to be useful, they must fulfil several purposes. They must be testable – that is, capable of stimulating research on their own postulates. Researchers must be able to

15 conduct experiments on aspects of the theory to determine if those aspects should be accepted or rejected. Personality theories must be able to clarify and explain the data of personality by organizing those data into a coherent framework. Theories should also help us understand and predict why people behave as they do. Those theories that can be tested and can explain, understand, and predict behavior may then be used to help people change

20 behaviors, feelings, and emotions from harmful to helpful, from undesirable to desirable.

31. In line 1, 'them' can be replaced by
- a. all b. sciences c. guesses d. theories
32. According to the first paragraph, the term "well it is only a theory." is
- a. contemptuous b. vague c. abstract d. speculative
33. The word refers to a theory without evidence to support it.
- a. research b. speculation c. framework d. context
34. In paragraph 2, 'theory' is compared with
- a. evidence b. datum c. structure d. map
35. The purposes of the theories about personality are given in paragraph(s)
- a. 3 b. 1 and 2 c. 2 and 3 d. 2
36. The advantages of theories are provided in paragraph(s)
- a. 2 and 3 b. 1 and 2 c. 1 d. 2
37. Based on paragraph 3, useful theories about personality should help us understand and predict people's behavior and also should be
- a. capable b. rejectable c. testable d. desirable
38. In line 13, 'that is' can be replaced by

