

تعداد سؤالات: ۳۰ تکمیلی -- -- تشریحی
 زمان امتحان: ۷۰ دقیقه تشریحی -- -- دقیقه تکمیلی
 تعداد کل صفحات: ۴

نام درس: آواشناسی انگلیسی
 رشته تحصیلی: گرایش زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی - مترجمی زبان انگلیسی

کد درس: ۱۷۱۲۲۶ - ۱۷۰۳۱۶

* استفاده از فرهنگ لغات مجاز نیست.

Directions: Choose the best choice (a, b, c, or d) and mark it on your answer sheet.

- The theoretical context in which speech sounds and how they are used in language are studied is called.....
 a. phonemes and phones
 b. phonology and transcription
 c. phonetics and morphology
 d. phonetics and phonology
- A variety of language that is different from others in pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar and word order is known as
 a. accent
 b. dialect
 c. standard variety
 d. received pronunciation
- What is the pharynx?
 a. It's the same as the vocal tract.
 b. It's the roof of the mouth.
 c. It's a tube which begins just above the larynx.
 d. It's the point between the hard palate and the alveolar ridge.
- It is commonly believed that in the production of vowel sounds there is no to the flow of air.
 a. complexity
 b. rounding
 c. distribution
 d. obstruction
- The symbols [i], [a] and [u] refer to three of the cardinal vowels.
 a. primary
 b. secondary
 c. central
 d. traditional
- The vowel sound in words like *gas*, *that* and *lack* is described as
 a. front, close, spread
 b. back, close, rounded
 c. back, open, rounded
 d. front, open, slightly spread
- The initial sound in *oppose* and *about* is a vowel.
 a. central
 b. front
 c. back
 d. nasalised

نام لیس: آواشناسی انگلیسی

تعداد سوال: ۳۰ نمبریں

رشته تخصصی: گرایش زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی - مترجمی زبان انگلیسی

زمان امتحان: نسی و تکمیلی ۷۰. لفظه تشریحی -- لفظه

گالرس: ۱۷۱۲۲۶ - ۱۷۰۳۱۶

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8. In vowel production, if the vowel remains constant and does not glide, it is called a
 - a. diphthong
 - b. triphthong
 - c. pure vowel
 - d. schwa vowel
9. The symbol [əʊ] stands for the medial sound of
 - a. *tour*
 - b. *nice*
 - c. *home*
 - d. *void*
10. The glottis is open when the are apart.
 - a. trachea
 - b. vocal folds
 - c. Adam's apple
 - d. vocal tract
11. The Persian sounds, like English ones, are made by egressive air stream.
 - a. pulmonic
 - b. glottal
 - c. velar
 - d. nasal
12. "Harsh, breathy, creaky" and "murmured" are the terms that refer to different-sounding voice.....
 - a. frequency
 - b. intensity
 - c. strictures
 - d. qualities
13. The compression phase, in plosive articulation, occurs after the phase.
 - a. plosion
 - b. closing
 - c. release
 - d. post-release
14. Which set includes fortis consonants?
 - a. [G, r, l]
 - b. [m, n, ŋ]
 - c. [b, d, g]
 - d. [p, t, k]
15. Two different of the phoneme /b/ are heard in *bar* and *abdomen*.
 - a. diacritics
 - b. intonations
 - c. realisations
 - d. segment types
16. The initial sound in *child* is a(n)
 - a. fricative
 - b. affricate
 - c. glottal
 - d. retroflex

فام لورس: آواشناسی انگلیسی

قصہ سحر الی: نفسی ۳۰ نگینہ ————— نصیری

رښتې نيمې - کړاښ: ژبان و ادبيات انگليسي - مترجمي ژبان انگليسي

زمان امتحان: تیسری و چوتھی ۷۰ فیصد تشریحی ————— فیصد

کے لئے: ۱۷۱۴۲۶ - ۱۷۰۳۱۶

۴ تہذیب کی صفات

17. Which symbol stands for the last sound of *breathe*?
 - a. [θ]
 - b. [ð]
 - c. [z]
 - d. [s]
18. The glottalised pronunciation is the one in which a glottal stop occurs just before **p, t, k** or.....
 - a. tʃ
 - b. dʒ
 - c. ʔk
 - d. kp
19. English accents which have **r** in final position and before a consonant are referred to as accents.
 - a. RP
 - b. Estuary
 - c. non-rhotic
 - d. rhotic
20. In the pronunciation of which word is the **w** sound devoiced and slightly fricative?
 - a. *warm*
 - b. *when*
 - c. *twin*
 - d. *weak*
21. Which word has a zero coda?
 - a. *sway*
 - b. *smoke*
 - c. *call*
 - d. *back*
22. According to the maximum onsets principle, any consonants between the two syllables being divided should be attached to the
 - a. ambisyllabic consonant
 - b. minimum syllable
 - c. left-hand syllable
 - d. right-hand syllable
23. There is lateral release in the pronunciation of
 - a. *London*
 - b. *muddle*
 - c. *like*
 - d. *happen*
24. Which statement is **True**?
 - a. Weak syllables can be stressed.
 - b. Only strong syllables can be stressed.
 - c. Unstressed strong syllables are never found in English.
 - d. A strong syllable has a syllable peak which is the schwa.

نام پرسن: آواشناسی انگلیسی

رشته تحصیلی: گرایش: زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی - مترجمی زبان انگلیسی

کد پرسن: ۱۷۱۲۲۶ - ۱۷۰۳۱۶

تعداد سؤالات: تستی ۳۰ تکمیلی -- تشریحی --

زمان امتحان: تستی و تکمیلی ۷۰ دقیقه تشریحی -- دقیقه

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25. The suffix '-ee' in *refugee*
 a. carries primary stress itself b. does not affect stress placement
 c. influences stress in the stem d. is not stressed
26. Which item represents a function word?
 a. *boy* b. *young*
 c. *might* d. *slowly*
27. The strings [b n jər 'æʊn] and ['teik ɪz 'neim] are the pronunciations of and , respectively.
 a. *And your own / Talk here's name.* b. *I'm your own / Talk this name.*
 c. *And your alone / Take is name.* d. *On your own / Take his name.*
28. English affricates never occur in with other consonants in initial position.
 a. clusters b. codas
 c. syllables d. sentences
29. The foot begins with a(n) syllable and includes all following syllables up to the following stressed syllable.
 a. unstressed / stressed b. stressed / stressed
 c. stressed / unstressed d. unstressed / unstressed
30. Phonological units are in a relationship and the tone-unit has also a place in a range of these units.
 a. interval b. hierarchical
 c. segmental d. perceptible