

تعداد سؤال: نسی ۴۰ تکمیلی

زمان امتحان: نسی و تکمیلی ۸۰ دقیقه

تعداد کل صفحات: ۶

نام درس: اصول و روش تحقیق ۱

رشته تحصیلی: گرایش: مترجمی زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی

کلاس درس: مترجمی زبان: ۱۷۰۳۹۱ ادبیات انگلیسی: ۱۷۱۲۴۷

Directions: Choose the best choice (a, b, c, or d) and mark it on your answer sheet.

- All of the following statements are correct about "expert opinion" **Except**
 - the nature of this kind of knowledge is somewhat subjective
 - authorities should not be taken into account as a thought-provoking source of information
 - authorities' claims should not be taken as mere facts
 - authorities' beliefs should be checked constantly within the framework of innovations
- In reasoning, the chain of thoughts moves from specific facts to a general statement.
 - verifiable
 - imperfect
 - inductive
 - deductive
- The system of philosophy that excludes everything from its consideration except natural phenomena and their interrelations is called
 - logical positivism
 - post positivism
 - new positivism
 - modified positivism
- All mentally retarded children do poorly on language tasks. Using this generalization, the prediction that a particular mentally retarded child will do poorly on language tasks is a(n)inference.
 - absolute
 - verifiable
 - inductive
 - deductive
- The fact that a researcher should employ a structured procedure in which every step in research should follow certain pre-established rules and regulations implies that research is
 - logical
 - reductive
 - systematic
 - replicable
- The exact or partial replication of previous research in order to consolidate already discovered facts and relations among facts is called research.
 - confirmatory
 - exploratory
 - pure
 - applied
- A tentative statement about the outcome of research is called a(n)
 - variable
 - observation
 - report
 - hypothesis
- A research is a schematic representation of the factors involved in research.
 - data
 - design
 - question
 - hypothesis
- Which of the following is the first step in conducting a research?
 - selecting a research method
 - testing hypothesis
 - formulating a research question
 - preparing a research report

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10. Strategy, process, and style are the terms used in the domain of factors.
a. social b. cognitive c. political d. technological
11. Interest, and manageability are characteristics of a good research question.
a. relevance b. practicality c. verifiability d. clarification
12. Through a step by step elimination of the variables involved in the research question, the researcher the topic to its most specified form possible and makes it more manageable.
a. formulates b. selects c. compensates for d. narrows down
13. Questions which ask about the degree of relationship between two or more factors are called questions.
a. descriptive b. co relational c. cause- effect d. frequent
14. A(n) hypothesis predicts a relationship between two factors.
a. rejected b. non directional c. null d. alternative
15. The following is a(n) hypothesis:
There is no relationship between the age and the degree of language acquisition of the learners.
a. null b. directional c. alternative d. negative
16. Which of the following is **Not** among the goals of literature review?
a. to help researchers put the topic within a scientific perspective
b. to avoid mere duplication of previous research
c. to utilize the outcome of research in everyday life
d. to avoid inadequacies of previous research
17. Which of the following is correct about taking notes?
a. Copying exacts words of the author is highly recommended.
b. Seemingly unimportant points may prove useful at later stages.
c. Only supporting statements should be taken into account.
d. Extremely important issues should only be expressed in the researcher's own words.

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18. The following is expressed in style.
Farhady, H. (1995). Research methods in applied linguistics. Tehran: Payam- Noor university press.
a. systematic b. organized c. MLA d. APA
19. Some variables, such as knowledge, happiness, and motivation cannot be directly measured. These variables are called variables.
a. concrete b. abstract c. specific d. operational
20. A variable such as left- handedness is a variable which can be considered and at same time
a. discrete/ concrete b. continuous/ concrete
c. discrete/ abstract d. continuous/ abstract
21. Through scaling, people or objects are ranked on a particular variable along a scale from high to low or vice- versa.
a. nominal b. all- or- nothing c. ordinal d. mathematical
22. Interval scaling is different from ordinal scaling in that
a. it has a true zero
b. the assigned numbers have mathematical values
c. it cannot measure how much of the variable exists
d. the distances among the ranks are equal and have mathematically specifiable values
23. This variable is a special type of independent variable which is selected in order to investigate whether it modifies the relationship between the dependent and independent variables.
a. moderator variable b. control viable
c. intervening variable d. extraneous variable
24. The variable, which cannot be measured or observed, is the variable which stands between the independent and dependent variables.
a. extraneous b. moderator c. intervening d. control

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تعداد سؤال: ۴۰ تکمیلی تشریحی

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25. Which of the following is the control variable In the following research hypothesis?
- Among students with similar intelligence quotient (IQ) , boys with instruction on vocabulary will perform better on speaking tasks than boys without this instruction while such a difference will not appear among girls.
- a. teaching vocabulary b. the intelligence quotient
c. the sex d. speaking tasks
26. Which of the following is correct?
- a. Continuous variables cannot be abstract.
b. Ordinal scaling provides equal distances.
c. Abstract variables are directly observable and measurable.
d. Discrete variables are often measured on a nominal scale.
27. Which of the following is correct about historical method of research?
- a. It starts with a research question and a hypothesis.
b. It is carried out mainly for the purpose of justifying a position on an issue.
c. The lack of control causes the historical research to be non scientific.
d. There is no difference between the historical method of research and literature review.
28. External criticism is concerned with
- a. formulating the problem
b. the establishment of the authenticity or genuineness of the document
c. evaluating the accuracy and truthfulness of the content of the document
d. the classification of information into two categories of primary and secondary
29. The most reliable source of information in historical research is
- a. official records b. non- official records
c. personal notes d. public announcement
30. Descriptive methods can be classified into three major groups of survey, interrelational, and methods.
- a. correlational b. developmental c. public opinion d. causal comparative

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31. Questionnaires, interviews of different types, and observations are a few of the instruments used in research.
- a. historical b. experimental c. interrelation d. survey
32. In studies, the development of subjects, specially children, on certain variable is investigated over a long period of time.
- a. naturalistic b. longitudinal c. correlational d. cross- sectional
33. When the researcher collects data on variables after the changes in the variables have occurred, the research is called
- a. school survey b. historical c. ex-post- facto d. experimental
34. Some of the characteristics of method include randomization, pretesting, having experimental and control groups and offering a treatment to experimental group.
- a. experimental b. historical c. descriptive d. pre- experimental
35. of research refers to the extent to which the outcome of research would apply to other similar situations.
- a. Selection effect b. Maturation effect
 c. Internal validity d. External validity
36. The difference between 'one- shot case study' and 'one- group pretest study' is that in the latter
- a. there is a control group
 b. a pretest is given before the instruction
 c. there is no treatment
 d. a test is given at the end to study the effect of the treatment
37. When one of the principles of the true experimental method is violated, the study is said to be
- a. factorial b. ex- post- facto c. pre- experimental d. quasi- experimental
38. If a sample is selected randomly, it is likely to be representative of
- a. the population b. the group
 c. the measurements d. the individuals

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39. The concept of of research refers to extent to which the outcome of research is due to the manipulations imposed by the researcher and not other factors.
- a. treatment b. dependent variable
- c. internal validity d. external validity
40. In experimental method, the does not receive any treatment.
- a. population b. sample
- c. experimental group d. control group